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die Artikel mit einem Klick direkt aufrufen, ansonsten sind sie durch Eingabe der DOIs über Wiley Online Library leicht online zugänglich.

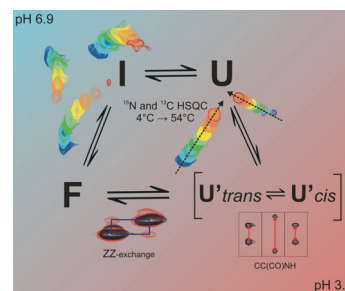


Protein Folding

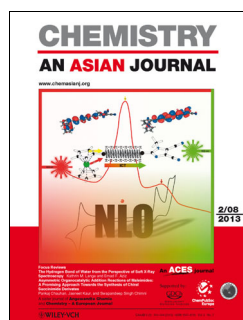
P. Rovó, P. Stráner, A. Láng, I. Bartha, K. Huszár, L. Nyitray, A. Perczel*

Structural Insights into the Trp-Cage Folding Intermediate Formation

Observing the invisible: Trp-cage miniprotein folds in a multistate process into its native structure. Heteronuclear NMR spectroscopy studies combined with molecular dynamics simulations provide direct evidence for the 3_{10} - to α -helix rearrangement as an initial step during the unfolding. The G^{11} – P^{12} peptide bond isomerization slows down the folding under acidic conditions (see figure; F=folded, I=intermediate, and U=unfolded structures).



Chem. Eur. J.
DOI: 10.1002/chem.201203764

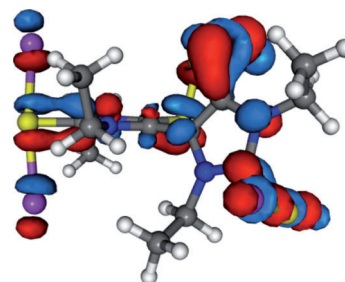


Charge Transfer

A. Mancini, M. C. Aragoni, N. Bricklebank, C. Castellano, F. Demartin, F. Isaia, V. Lippolis, A. Pintus, M. Arca*

Formation of T-Shaped versus Charge-Transfer Molecular Adducts in the Reactions Between Bis(thiocarbonyl) Donors and Br_2 and I_2

T for two: The reactions of 4,5,6,7-tetrathiocino-[1,2-b:3,4-b']-1,3,8,10-tetrasubstituted-diimidazolyl-2,9-dithiones (R_2, R'_2 -todit; **1**: $R = R' = Et$; **2**: $R = R' = Ph$; **3**: $R = Et, R' = Ph$) with Br_2 exclusively afforded “T-shaped” compounds, whereas the reactions of compounds **1–3** with I_2 provided CT adducts. The nature of all of the reaction products was elucidated based on XRD analysis, FT-Raman spectroscopy, and DFT calculations.



Chem. Asian J.
DOI: 10.1002/asia.201201043

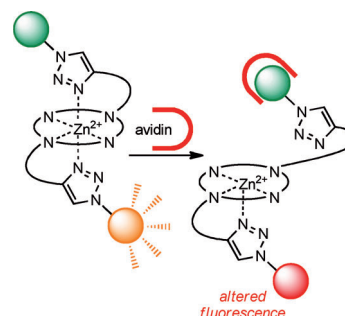


Fluorescence

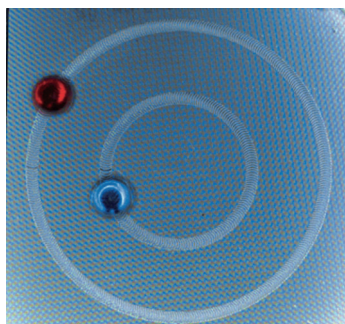
M. Yu, Q. Yu, P. J. Rutledge,* M. H. Todd*

A Fluorescent “Allosteric Scorpionand” Complex Visualizes a Biological Recognition Event

A new class of fluorescent metal complex with “ballerina”-like geometry is described. When functionalized with biotin (green) and a dye (orange/red), the zinc(II) complex can be used to visualize interactions with avidin. Metal complexes that can exhibit selective fluorescence changes in response to a macromolecular binding event have great potential for imaging applications.



ChemBioChem
DOI: 10.1002/cbic.201200637



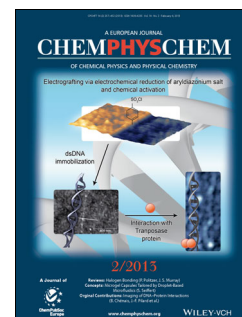
ChemPhysChem
DOI: 10.1002/cphc.201200929

Microfluidics

I. You, N. Yun, H. Lee*

Surface-Tension-Confined Microfluidics and Their Applications

Showing the way: Emerging microfluidic systems called surface-tension-confined microfluidic (STCM) devices are reviewed. STCM devices utilize surface energy that can control the movement of fluid droplets. Unlike conventional microfluidics, which confine the movement of fluids by three-dimensional microchannels, STCM systems provide two-dimensional platforms for microfluidics.



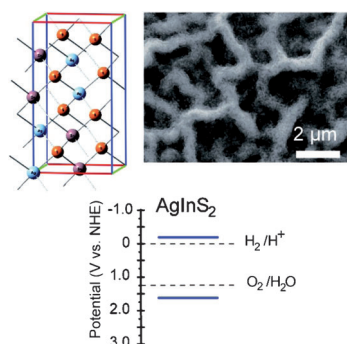
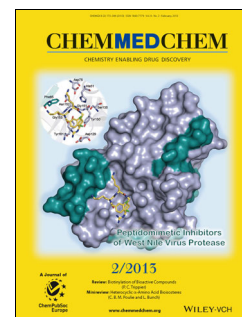
ChemMedChem
DOI: 10.1002/cmdc.201200428

Antitubercular Agents

L. Balcells,* R. H. Bates, R. J. Young, D. Alvarez-Gomez, E. Alvarez-Ruiz, V. Barroso, D. Blanco, B. Crespo, J. Escribano, R. González, S. Lozano, S. Huss, A. Santos-Villarejo, J. J. Martín-Plaza, A. Mendoza, M. J. Rebollo-Lopez, M. Remuñan-Blanco, J. L. Lavandera, E. Pérez-Herran, F. J. Gamon-Benito, J. F. García-Bustos, D. Barros, J. P. Castro, N. Cammack

Fueling Open-Source Drug Discovery: 177 Small-Molecule Leads against Tuberculosis

Needles from the haystack: As part of GlaxoSmithKline's commitment to open innovation research against neglected diseases such as TB, herein we report the results of a high-throughput phenotypic screen of two million compounds. A set of 177 potent, non-cytotoxic hits against *Mycobacterium tuberculosis* H37Rv are described. Samples of these compounds will be made available in an effort to promote further research against this critical disease.



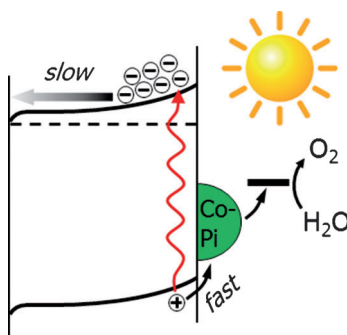
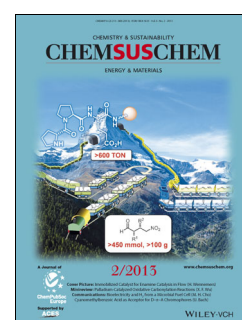
ChemSusChem
DOI: 10.1002/cssc.201200588

Photoelectrochemistry

Q. Cheng, X. Peng, C. K. Chan*

Structural and Photoelectrochemical Evaluation of Nanotextured Sn-Doped AgInS₂ Films Prepared by Spray Pyrolysis

Tin best or tin pest? The role of Sn extrinsic dopants in chalcopyrite AgInS₂ is investigated to understand their effects on the optical, electronic, and photoelectrochemical properties of this promising photoanode material. We found that at low amounts, Sn increased the AgInS₂ carrier concentration and photocurrent, but was detrimental at higher dopant concentrations.



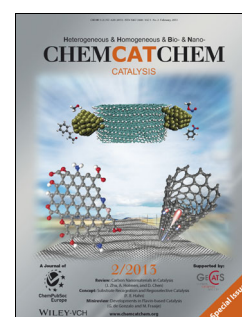
ChemCatChem
DOI: 10.1002/cctc.201200472

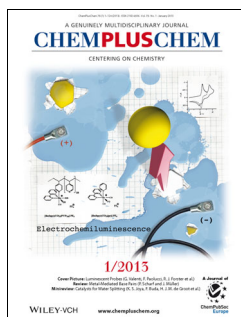
Catalyst Doping

F. F. Abdi, N. Firet, R. van de Krol*

Efficient BiVO₄ Thin Film Photoanodes Modified with Cobalt Phosphate Catalyst and W-doping

Strengthening the weakest link: A chain is no stronger than its weakest link. In this study, we show two important performance limiting factors in BiVO₄ photoanodes; water oxidation kinetics and electron transport. Based on this knowledge, the photoanode is modified by surface catalysis and doping, resulting in approximately 3-fold photocurrent improvement.



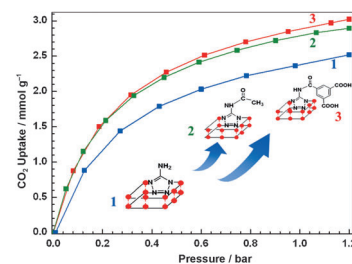


Metal–Organic Framework

Q. Yan, Y. Lin, P. Wu, L. Zhao, L. Cao, L. Peng, C. Kong,* L. Chen*

Designed Synthesis of Functionalized Two-Dimensional Metal–Organic Frameworks with Preferential CO₂ Capture

What a catch! A series of three functionalized metal–organic frameworks have been fabricated by the combination of direct synthesis (template-free) and covalent modification. The resulting frameworks display fairly good thermal stability and moisture resistance. Regardless of the moderate surface area, the grafted carbonyl functionalities enhance the selective CO₂ adsorption capacity (see figure).



ChemPlusChem

DOI: 10.1002/cplu.201200270

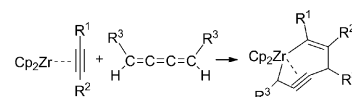


Metallacycloalkynes

N. Suzuki,* T. Tsuchiya, N. Aihara, M. Iwasaki, M. Saburi, T. Chihara, Y. Masuyama

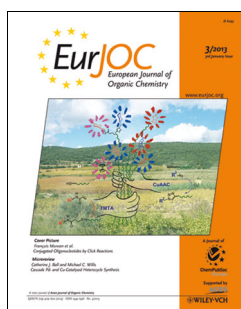
Synthesis and Structure of Seven-Membered Metallacycloalkynes

Seven-membered metallacycloalkyne compounds were synthesized and structurally characterized. Zirconocene–alkyne complexes, such as those of 1-(trimethylsilyl)prop-1-yne and diphenylacetylene reacted with [3]cumulene to give 1-zirconacyclohept-2-en-5-yne in good yields. Coupling of benzyne and [3]cumulenes on the metal also gave the corresponding metallacycles.



Eur. J. Inorg. Chem.

DOI: 10.1002/ejic.201201245

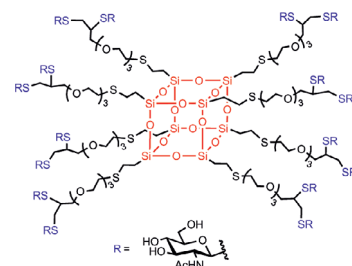


Photoinduced Reactions

A. Marra, S. Staderini, N. Berthet, P. Dumy, O. Renaudet, A. Dondoni*

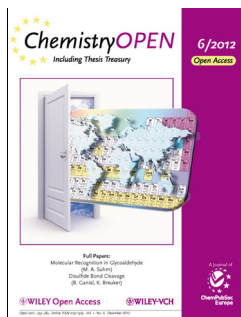
Thiyl Glycosylation of Propargylated Octasilsesquioxane: Synthesis and Lectin-Binding Properties of Densely Glycosylated Clusters on a Cubic Platform

Typical hexadecaivalent glyco-POSS prepared by thiol-yne coupling. A measured IC₅₀ of 2 nM was found by ELLA with tetrameric wheat germ agglutinin (WGA).



Eur. J. Org. Chem.

DOI: 10.1002/ejoc.201201453

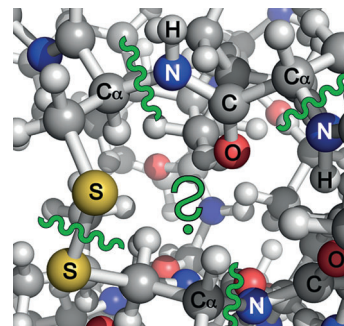


Mass Spectrometry

B. Ganisl, K. Breuker*

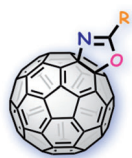
Does Electron Capture Dissociation Cleave Protein Disulfide Bonds?

Runner-up! Disulfide bond cleavage comes second in gas phase radical ion chemistry. Cleavage of N–Cα backbone bonds is preferred over disulfide bond cleavage in electron capture dissociation (ECD) of peptides and proteins, but disulfide bonds can be cleaved by vibrational excitation or secondary radical reactions.



ChemistryOpen

DOI: 10.1002/open.201200038



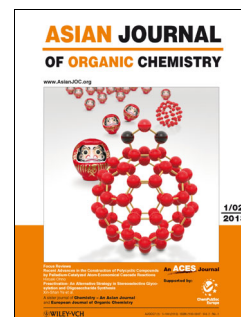
Asian J. Org. Chem.
DOI: 10.1002/ajoc.201200114

Fullerooxazole Synthesis

Y. Takeda, S. Enokijima, T. Nagamachi, K. Nakayama, S. Minakata*

Straightforward and Versatile Synthesis of Fullerooxazoles from C₆₀ and Carboxamides through Radical Reactions under Mild Conditions

Sixty plus: A direct synthetic method for producing oxazoline-fused fullerenes, that is, fullerooxazoles, from [60] fullerene and readily available carboxamides by radical pathways has been developed. The method presented allows efficient access to a variety of fullerooxazoles with a high tolerance of functional groups under mild reaction conditions.



ChemViews magazine
DOI: 10.1002/chemv.201200150

Energy Technology

John Uhlrich

Sunggyu Lee on the Future of Energy Technology

Solutions to the pressing problem of energy demand will vary depending upon regional strengths, technoeconomic factors, and resource utilization and availability according to Professor Sunggyu Lee, Director of the Sustainable Energy and Advanced Materials Laboratory at Ohio University, USA. He talks about where energy technology is heading, the role of governments in its development, and his latest research.

